

	energy digital connectivity		<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
	Migration @ (methodology for tagging under development)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Reduction of Inequalities (methodology for marker and tagging under development)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Covid-19	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BUDGET INFORMATION				
12. Amounts concerned	Budget line(s) (article, item): BGUE-B2021-14 02 01 21-C1-INTPA Total estimated cost: EUR 20 848 805 Total amount of EU budget contribution EUR 20 000 000 This action is co-financed in joint co-financing by: - UN Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) for an amount of EUR 848 805			
MANAGEMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION				
13. Type of financing¹	Indirect management with UN Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO)			

1.2. Summary of the Action

Land in Kenya has a major historical, social, economic, cultural, political and spiritual significance. Land has been the main factor of production in Kenya's nature-based economy. Improved security of tenure and equitable access to land and natural resources is therefore crucial to the enhancement of livelihoods and for sustainable socioeconomic development, and in broader terms, to peace and security in general as well as food and nutrition security. It is also a tool for inclusion, especially in areas considered to be communally owned. Access to and availability of land is therefore critical in ensuring real and long-lasting improvement of the well-being of the population.

This proposed Digital Land Governance Programme (DLGP) takes into consideration the numerous challenges that impede sustainable administration and management of land in Kenya. The challenges range from lack of tenure security and low registration of community land, to corruption, manual and inefficient land transactions, delays in access to justice, poor land use planning, gender inequality in access to and ownership of land, negative impacts of COVID-19, among others.

The overall objective of the new programme is to improve food and nutrition security, livelihoods and sustainable development in Kenya through equitable and secure access and management of land as per Vision 2030. The expected outcome of the programme will be improved security of tenure and equitable access to land and natural resources for enhancement of livelihoods and sustainable socioeconomic development for all. The outcome will be achieved via the following expected outputs:

1. Enhance efficient and effective land governance through the digitisation and digitalization of land records and processes
2. Improve conflict and dispute resolution mechanisms on land and natural resources
3. Contribute to inclusive and improved policy, legal and institutional frameworks

This Action will contribute to the Kenya Multi-Annual Indicative Plan 2021-2027 under the following results:

1. Green Transition: Environmental Sustainability and Resilience
 - 1.1. Natural capital and resilience
 - 1.1.1. Agricultural and pastoral ecosystems where sustainable management practices have been introduced with EU support (km2) - (EURF 2)

¹ Art. 27 NDICI.